Beekeeping--plr

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Bee Keeping Learn How to Keep Bees Successfully Getting Started in Beekeeping If you are considering bees as a hobby or as a sideline business, there are things you will want to keep in mind before making that decision. Since there are many factors involved with making money with the honeybees produce, you might want to start doing it as a hobby. There is a significant amount of money in the start-up of beekeeping. Before investing any amount of money in your beekeeping project, you might want contact beekeepers in your area. As a rule, they will more than happy to share their experience with you. Most beekeepers love keeping bees and to them it is just a "hobby", but they can give you some insight into beekeeping. Take plenty of notes. More likely than not you will need them. In making the decision of becoming a beekeeper, you will want to consider the safety of family, friends, and neighbors. You wouldn't want someone to get stung that is allergic to bee stings. The best course of action on that account is to ask your neighbors and friends, if any of them are allergic to bees. You will also be able to find out if there might be someone who would not like beehives so close to their proximity. You will also want to check with the county you live in. You will want to know about any ordinances or laws prohibiting beekeeping. You will also want to consider whether or not you have a location that would be conducive to maintaining bees. You will also want to consider where the bees will have to fly to retrieve nectar and pollen. Keeping plants they like close by is not a bad idea either. Since bees need water every day, you might want to have water for them close at hand. You don't want them visiting the neighbor's swimming pool. Here is a list of spots unacceptable to the health of the bees. How many months of the year will pollen and nectar will be readily available to the bees? Will you have to feed them in order for them to survive and how much of the year? Is there a water supply available year round for the bees? They need water every day. You will need to consider what will be underneath the bees as they fly to get the nectar and pollen they require. The bees will defecate as they are flying and their feces will leave spots on everything below them. The feces can even ruin the surface of a vehicle. There are methods to use to force the bees to fly at a higher altitude, such as a tall fence or thick tall plants near the hive. You want the hives accessible year round. You will want to avoid low spots for your hives because they hold the

cold, damp air too long. You will also want to avoid high spots for your hives because that would be too windy. These are just some of the things you will want to consider before taking on this hobby. During a nectar flow, many of the older workers will be in the field hunting for food. This is the best time to examine the colony. During the summer more bees will be in the hive and the situation can change, especially between the nectar flows. There can be some robbing going on at this time, which will make the bees even more defensive at any intrusion to their hive. Leaving the colony open for more than a few minutes can accelerate a robbing as can leaving cappings or honey exposed. It will become a necessity to reduce the entrance of a weak colony to prevent stronger hives attempt to rob from it. A honey flow will reduce the likelihood of robbing. The mood of the bees can have a lot to do with the weather or the time of day. On the days of rainy weather, cool temperatures, early in the morning or late in the afternoon will be more likely to make them angry and they will attack. Always inspect them on warm, sunny days in the middle of the day when most of the bees are foraging. Keep a constant warm water supply for the bees to cool the hive and dilute honey to feed t heir young. They will collect water from the closest water source. If you do not have a constant supply of shallow water for the bees, they will look for it somewhere else, like the neighbor's pool, birdbath or wading ponds. The bees are more likely to drown in those sources. If you have a water supply for them when they first fly out in spring, they will not go anywhere else for water. Once they find a water source, it is hard to keep them from going back to it. A beekeeper must keep the bees in control every time the hive is open. A typical hive can house thousands of workers all capable of stinging. There are measures a beekeeper can take in the open that he can not take in the city because of the closeness of other people. Smoke is the most important tool for the beekeeper opening a hive. Smoke should be used in moderation, but the smoker should be capable of producing large volumes of smoke on short notice. The beekeeper must smoke the entrance of the hive, under the cover, and periodically smoke the frames while the hive is open. Try not to jar the hive or the frames as that may anger the bees, which will make it hard for a beekeeper to do his work. The beekeeper must work quickly and carefully. By going through the frames several times a year, the beekeeper keeps the frames movable. Remove any excess combs. Using gloves when working with bees make the beekeeper clumsier and he may lose control of the hive. The stings that the gloves are protecting you from are easily removed and the pain quickly passes. Tags: plr

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Sun Flower Blossom With Honey Bees

Bees With Queen Regina

Bees On A Comb

Bees And Queen On A Comb

Hartebeest, Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park, South Africa / Alcephalus Buselaphus / Side

Primrose / Primula Beesiana

Blue Wildebeests, Cow Nursing Calf, Pilanesberg Park, South Africa / Connochaetes Taurinus Taurinus

Wildebeests Drinking, Mkuze Park, South Africa / Connochaetes Taurinus

A Sunflower With Some Bumblebees On It

Countless Little Bees Assemble At The Skin For Collecting Minerals From The Human Sweat

Honeybees Apis Mellifera On A Honeycomb In A Beehive

Bees Sitting On A Water Melon On Market From Uzbekistan

Stingless Bees Trigona Sp. At Hive, Costa Rica

Bees, Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica On The Closed Cells Of Drone Puppae

Swarming Bees Have Found A New Home

Bees Have Accepted New Beehive After Having Swarmed

Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica Bees Agglomerate On Freshly Contructed Beecomb Filled With Honey From Flowers

Apis Mellifera Ssp Carnica Bees Industriously Work On Freshly Contructed Beecomb Filled With

Honey From Flowers

<u>Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica Bees Agglomerate On Freshly Contructed Beecomb Filled With Honey From Flowers</u>

Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica Bees Agglomerate On Freshly Contructed Beecomb Filled With Honey From Flowers

Bees Sipping From Honey On Honeycomb With Covered Honeycells Above And Cells Filled With Pollen And Honey Below

Busy Bees, Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica On The Closed Cells Of Drone Puppae With Singulare Drones Crawling From The Cells

Bees Of Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica Are Nursing Larvae In Honeycomb Cells

Bees Upon Freshly Constructed Honeycomb Filled With Honey In The Upper Section And Ready To Take Up Eggs In The Lower Section Of The Picture

Bees, Apis Melifera Ssp Carnica On The Closed Cells Of Drone Puppae

Bees Suckling Honey From The Cells Of Recently Constructed Honey Cells

<u>Vestal Cuckoo Bumblebee Psithyrus Vestalis Or Bombus Vestalis Species From The Hymenoptera</u> <u>Order Of Bees</u>

Blue Wildebeests Connochaetes Taurinus, Herd Migration, Masai Mara National Reserve, Kenya, Africa

Blue Wildebeests Connochaetes Taurinus, Herd Migration, Masai Mara National Reserve, Kenya, Africa

Blue Wildebeest Connochaetes Taurinus In The Dry Riverbed, Boteti River, Khumaga, Makgadikgadi Pans National Park, Botswana, Africa

<u>Blue Wildebeest Connochaetes Taurinus In The Dry Riverbed, Boteti River, Khumaga, Makgadikgadi Pans National Park, Botswana, Africa</u>

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Blue Wildebeest Connochaetes Taurinus In The Dry Riverbed, Boteti River, Khumaga, Makgadikgadi Pans National Park, Botswana, Africa

Flying Bees, Amazon Basin, Brazil

Swarm Of Bees Apoidea In A Tree

Two Honey Bees Apis Mellifera On A Blossom Looking For Nectar

Honeycomb With Bees	Hone	ycomb) With	Bees
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Honeycomb With Bees Hatching Larvae In The Center Surrounded By Covered Honeycells

Open Beehive With Bees Clinging To Honeycombs And Merging Towards Loop Hole

Open Beehive Dispalying Bees Sitting On Honeycombs

Blooming Sunflower Helianthus Annuus, Blossom, And European Honey Bees Apis Mellifera Looking For Nectar, Baden-Wuerttemberg, Germany, Europe

Bees Apis Mellifera Var. Carniola On The Honeycomb With Covered Cells And Pollen

Musk Thistles Carduus Nutans And Bumblebees, Panoramic View

Musk Thistles Carduus Nutans And Bumblebees, Panoramic View